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| **تأثير الاتجاهات الفكرية في طبيعة الهيكل الاقتصادي للعراق** | | | | Thesis Title |
| **1432 هـ بغداد 2011 م** | | | | Year |
| **Iraq, like other developing countries have suffered and still suffers from the heavy legacy was the economic and social conditions and the heavy legacy of lagging political eras of colonialism and Iraq tried hard to get rid of those things, and became the declared ambitions of economic development in the areas of economic and social life.      Among the effects that appeared on the Iraqi economy is the exploitation of the wealth and the devastating economic and human resources so that the Iraqi economy has become distorted, and the disruption to this distortion and intractable disorder in the structural composition of the Iraqi economy.      Try to Iraq since the beginning of the Iraqi State was established in 1921 and the adoption of programs and economic plans in order to achieve economic development**  **Given the fact that the Iraqi economy, economies, rentier (oil), the oil sector under the sector, which is reliable and still provide the necessary foreign exchange to finance investment in economic sectors, if 70% of the oil revenues to the investment programs for the years 1951-1958, with reduced this percentage to 50% after the republican era and continued to decline to amend the prices of oil in 1972.**  **After the nationalization of oil in 1973, there is no longer a concern in making investment decisions or transfer development due to the availability**  **of financial returns large oil, pushed the political system to adopt an ambitious development plans, notably the development plan 1976-1980.**  **To enter Iraq and the war with Iran, not Iraq's economy suffers from the problem of indebtedness, or shortages in the capital needed for economic development and there is no real significant unemployment.**  **But this war and Mahmmelth from the effects of significant economic and social was the beginning of the decline and then the economic collapse on the impact of international sanctions taken against Iraq, and so Amsa the Iraqi economy in the years between 1980-2002, laboring under the pressure of external variables and internal I did do in the events of economic distortions new and deepened imbalances in the economic structure of Iraq, which in fact already exist, and no policy can not succeed in making the required adjustments to building an economic structure capable of building development.**  **The situation has worsened with the occupation of Iraq in 2003, where he became Iraq's economy is suffering from a distorted destruction in the whole economic sectors, in spite of political changes, but it did not perform the role required of them.**  **However, the economic policies in their entirety were not aimed to produce a real founded in processors required of them, but came as policies Tlatifih or prosthesis.** | | | | Abstract |